

R2.01 : Développement Orienté Objets

C++

cours 2

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Mémoire : la pile/le tas

2 zones mémoire : la pile et le tas.

► la pile :

- ▶ pas très grande
- ▶ on y empile toutes les informations des fonctions en cours d'exécution (paramètres, variables statiques,...)
- ▶ on dépile/libère à la fin de l'exécution de la fonction.

► le tas :

- ▶ plus vaste
 - ▶ on y entasse les instances allouées dynamiquement
 - ▶ libération explicite de la mémoire nécessaire
- ATTENTION aux fuites mémoires !!!

Schéma mémoire

schéma mémoire :

- ▶ permet de représenter l'état de la mémoire à un instant donné;
- ▶ est composé de 3 parties : contexte, pile, tas.

Réalisation du schéma mémoire :

- 1 on part de la 1ère ligne du main;
- 2 on effectue les instructions une à une (évolution du schéma);
- 3 on s'arrête à la ligne de code correspondant à l'instant voulu.

Schéma mémoire : exemple

```
class A{
    int val;
    string nom;
public :
    A(int val=1, string nom = "inconnu");
    ~A(){}
    int uneMethodeDeA(int num);
};

//-----
A::A(int val, string nom):val{val},nom{nom}
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int A::uneMethodeDeA(int num){
    int res = val*num;
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//-----
A* uneFonction(int nb){
    A * pt = new A{nb+2};
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//-----
int main(){
    A a1{3,"lili"};
    A *pta1, *pta2;
    pta1 = new A[2];
    pta2 = uneFonction(3);
    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);

    cout << retour << endl;
    delete[] pta1;
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}
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contexte

Pile

Tas

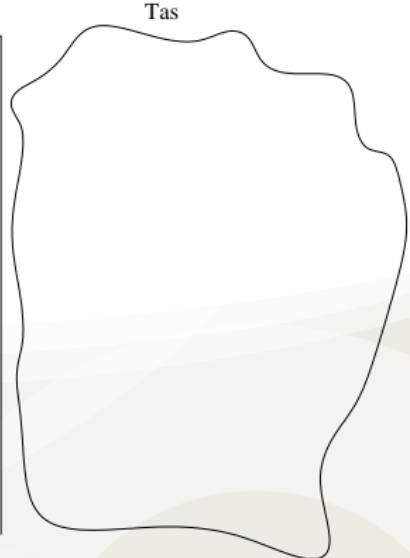


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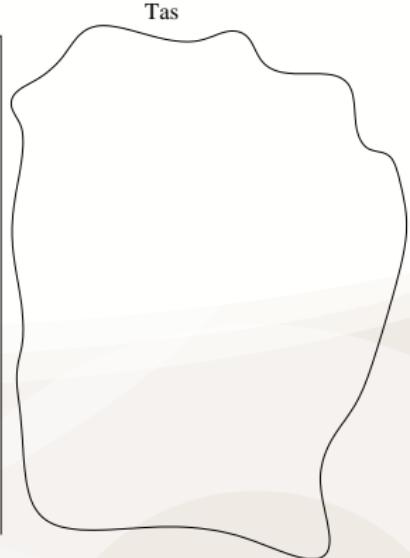


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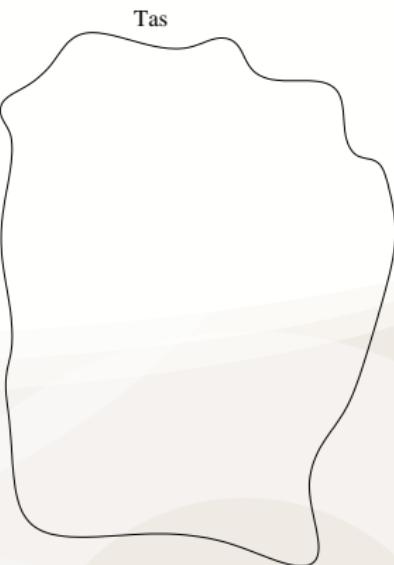


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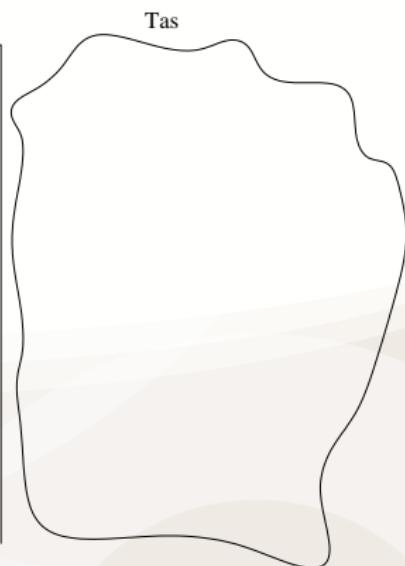
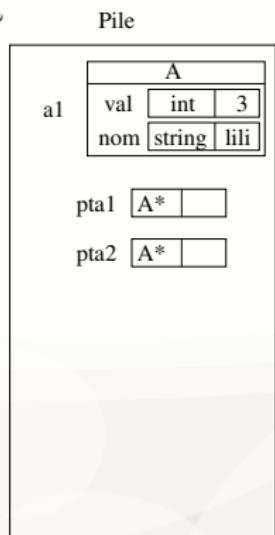


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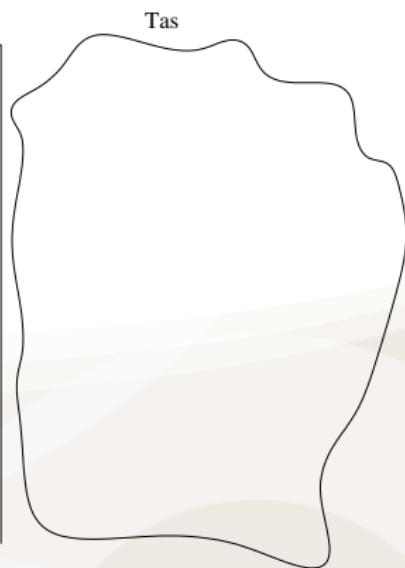
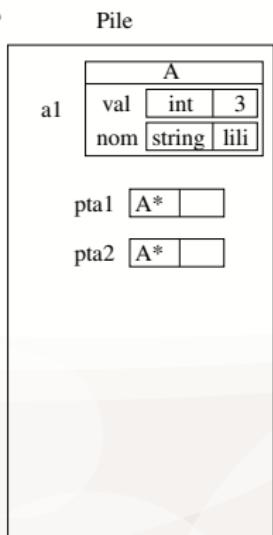


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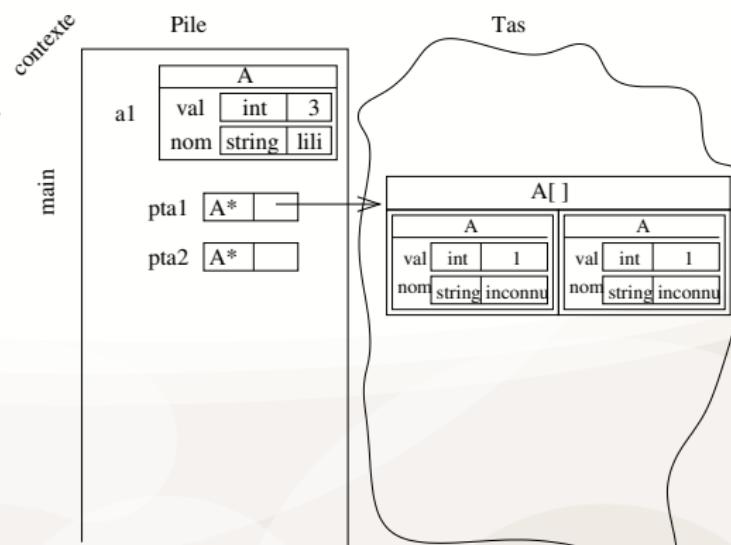


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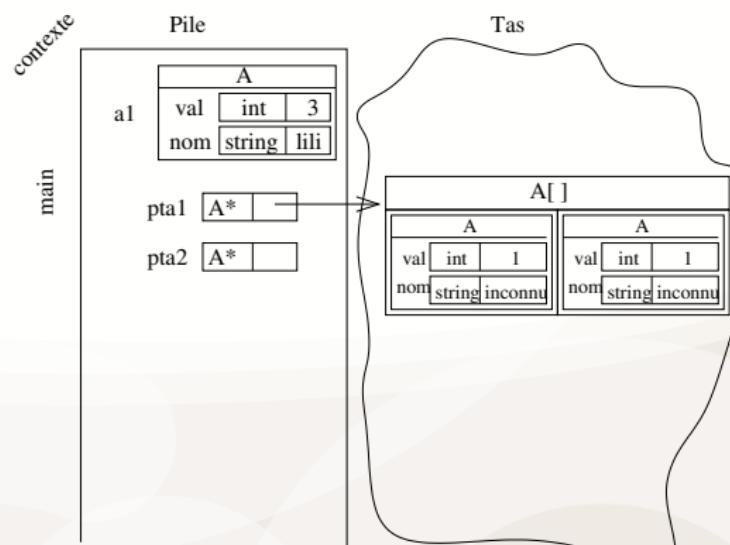


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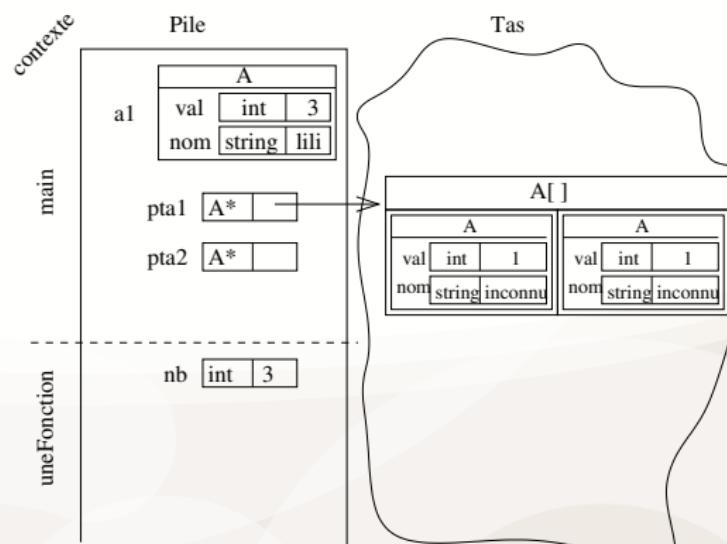


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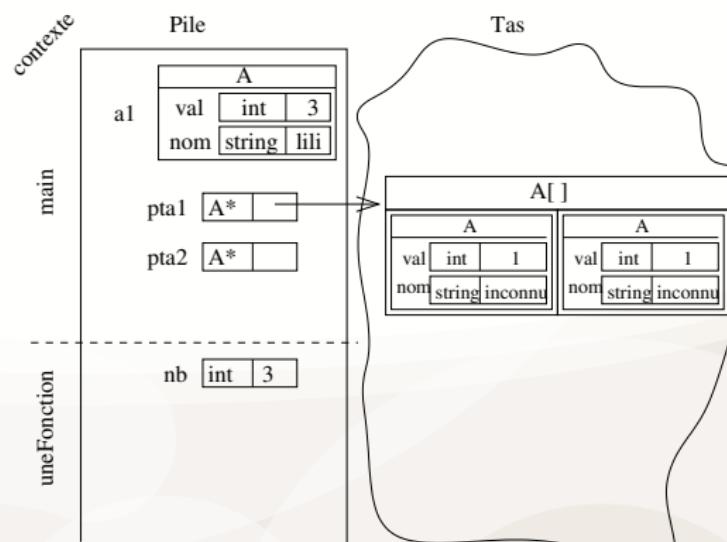


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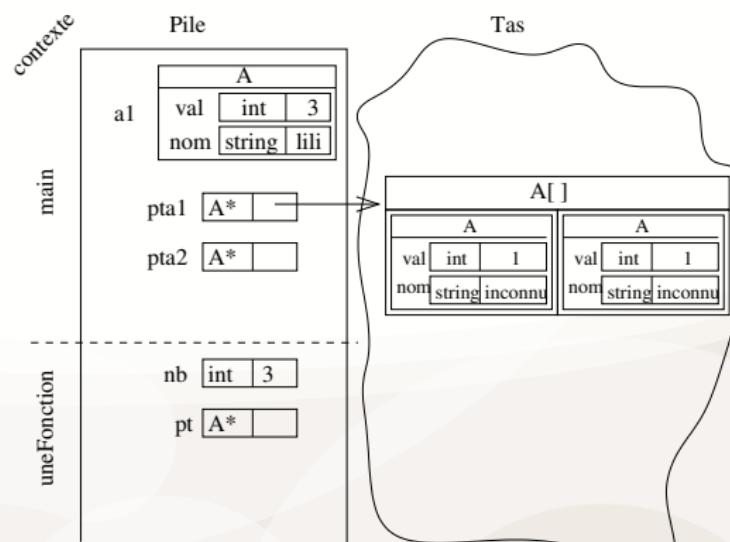


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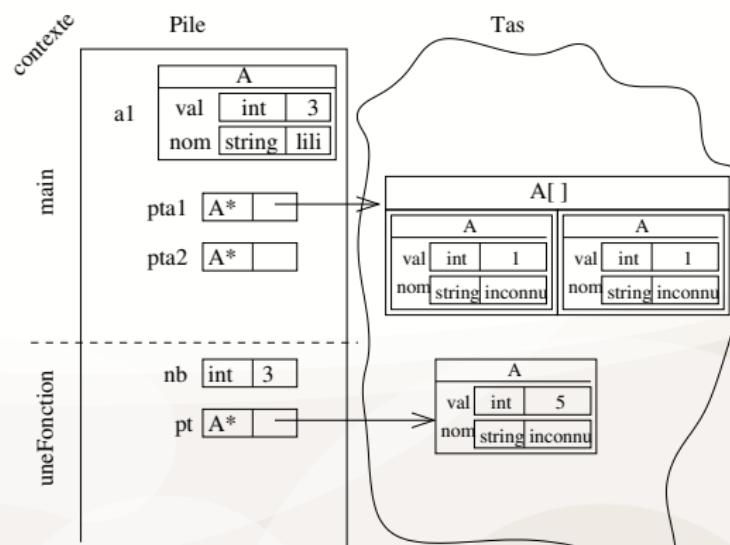


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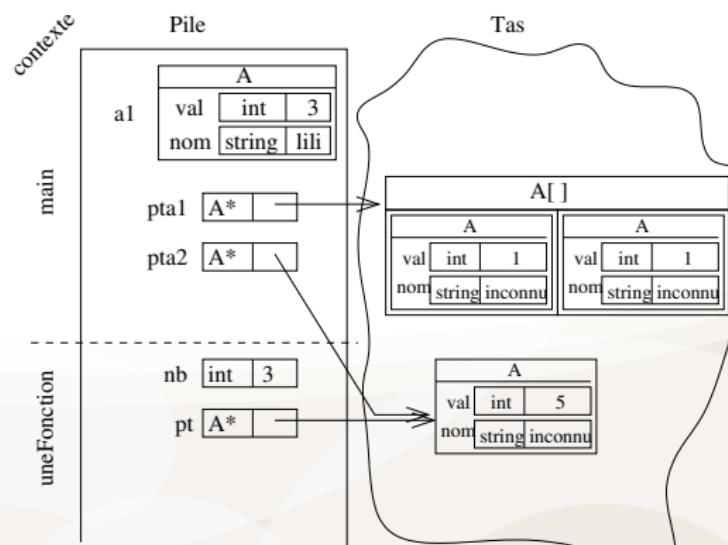


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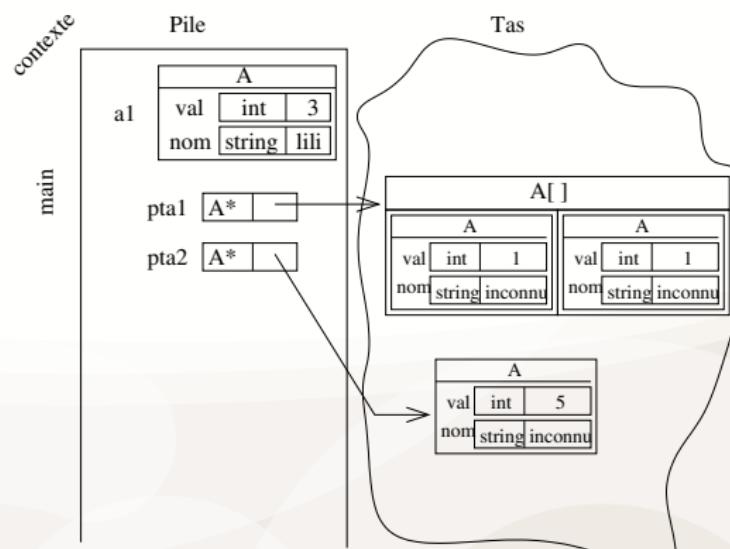


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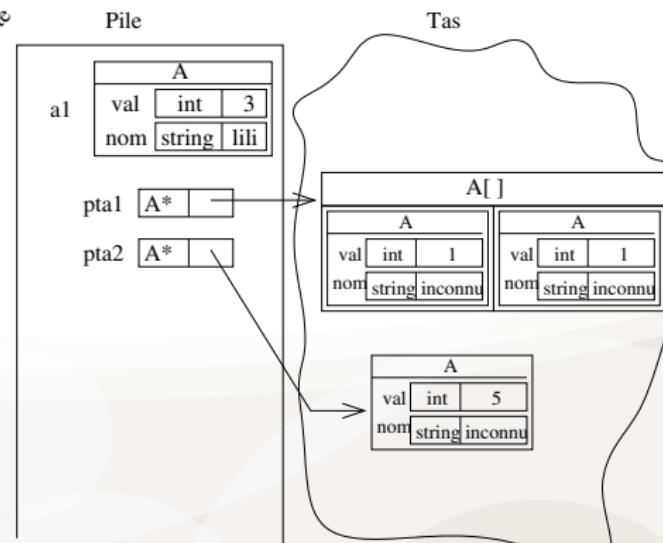


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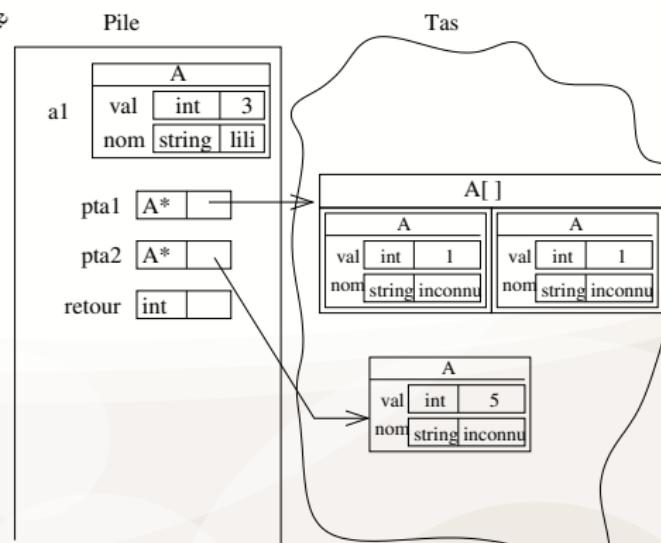


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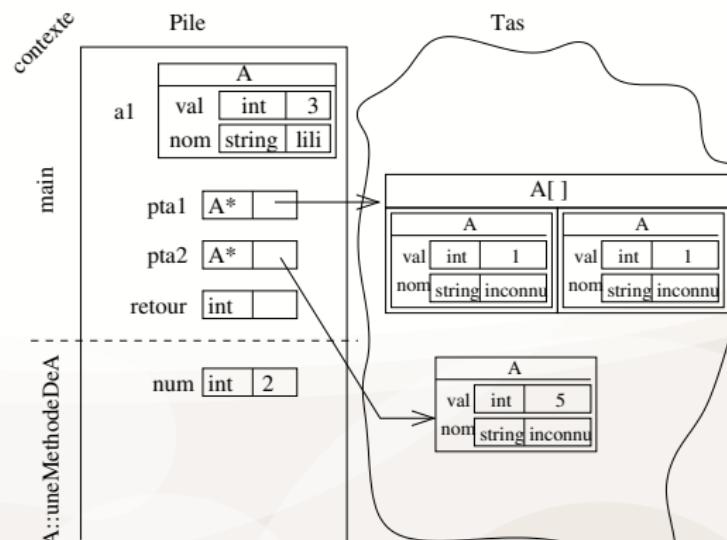


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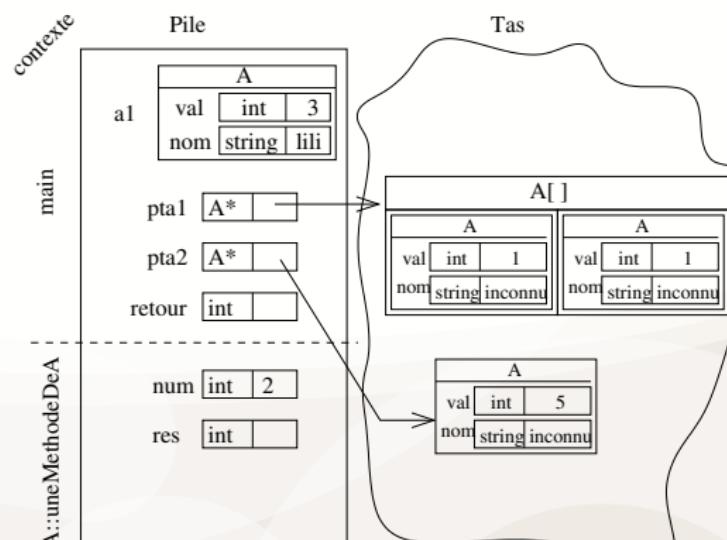


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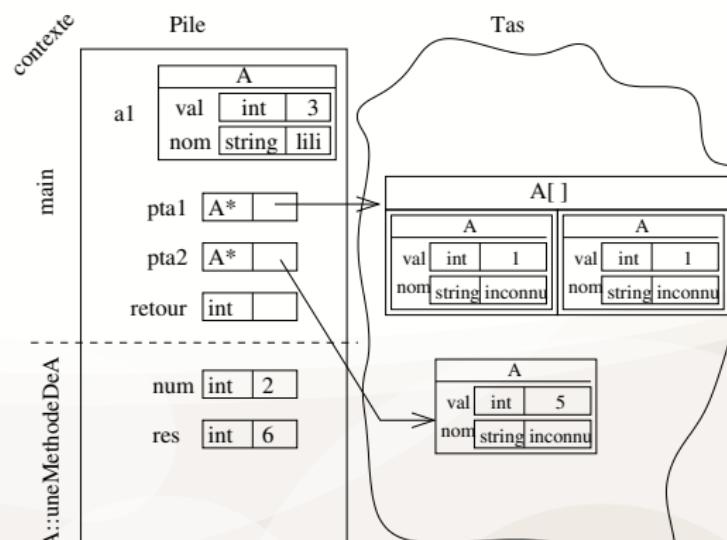


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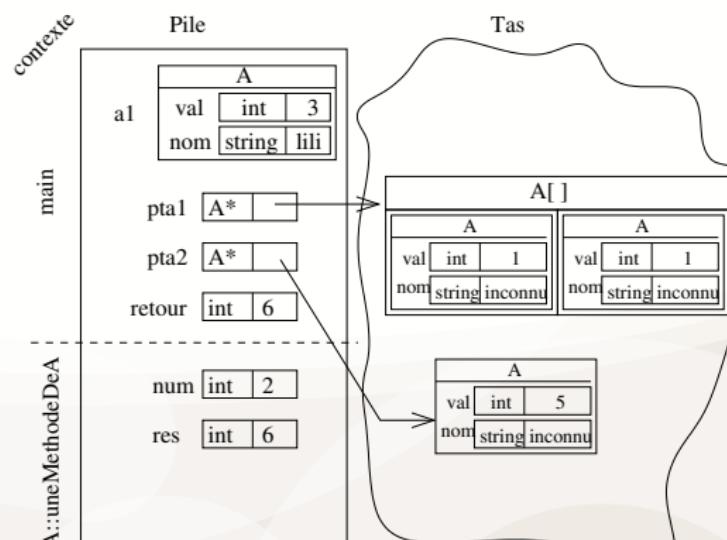


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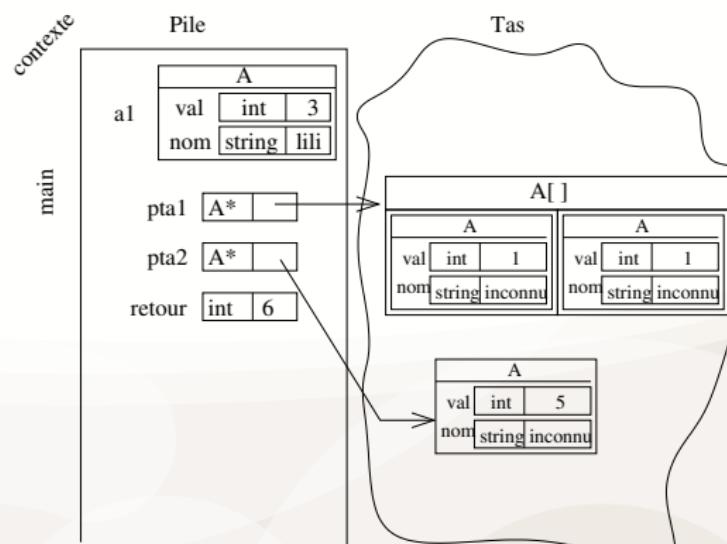


Schéma mémoire : exemple

```
class A{
    int val;
    string nom;
public :
    A(int val=1, string nom = "inconnu");
    ~A(){}
    int uneMethodeDeA(int num);
};

A::A(int val, string nom):val{val},nom{nom}
{}

int A::uneMethodeDeA(int num){
    int res = val*num;
    return res;
}

A* uneFonction(int nb){
    A * pt = new A{nb+2};
    return pt;
}

int main(){
    A a1{3,"lili"};
    A *pta1, *pta2;
    pta1 = new A[2];
    pta2 = uneFonction(3);
    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);

    cout << retour << endl;
    delete[] pta1;
    delete pta2;
}
```

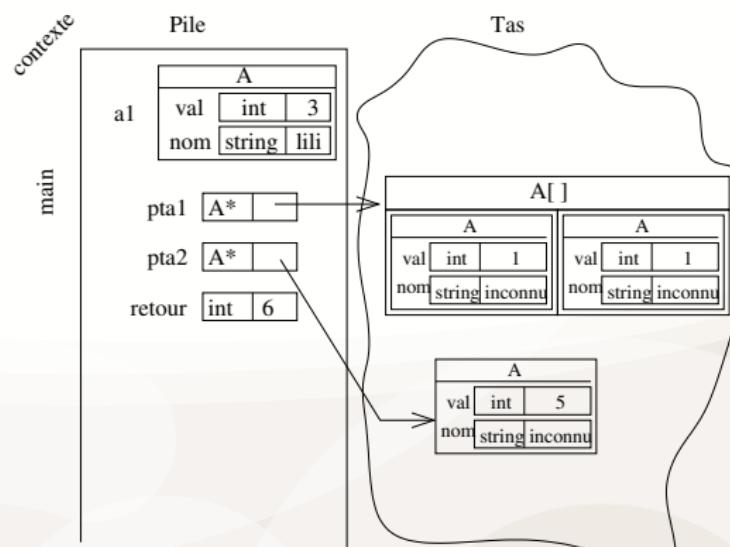


Schéma mémoire : exemple

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    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);
    cout << retour << endl;
}

delete[] pta1;
delete pta2;
```

contexte
main

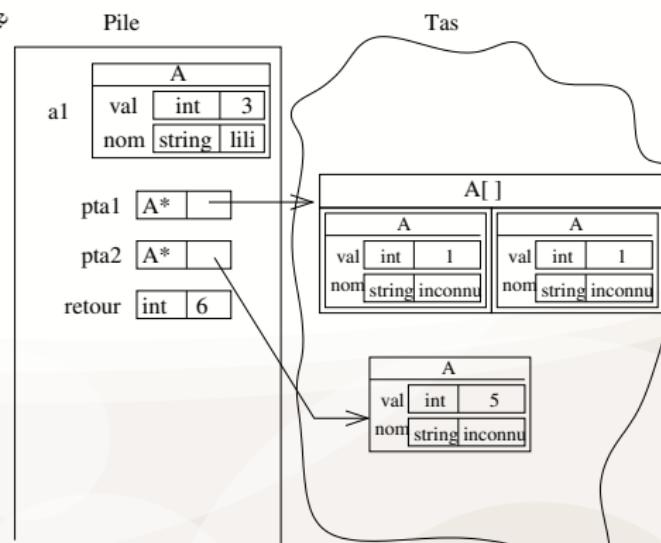


Schéma mémoire : exemple

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    pta1 = new A[2];
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    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);
    cout << retour << endl;
    delete [] pta1;
}

delete pta2;
```

contexte
main

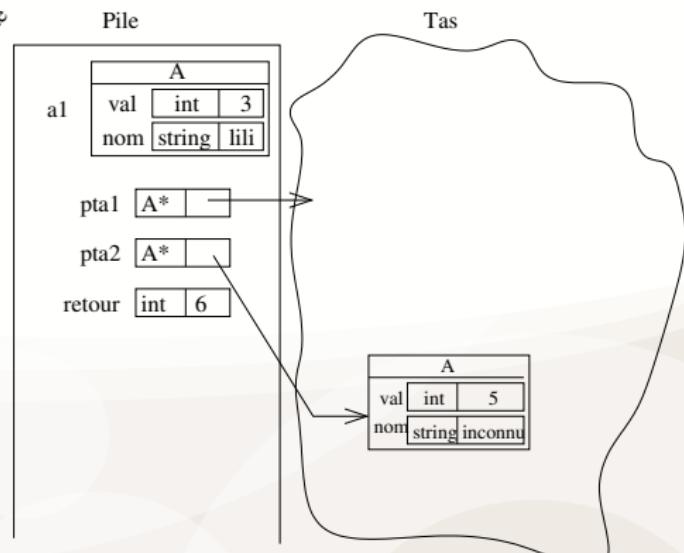


Schéma mémoire : exemple

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    A a1{3,"lili"};
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    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);
    cout << retour << endl;
    delete [] pta1;
    delete pta2;
}
```

contexte
main

Pile		
a1	A	
	val	int 3
	nom	string lili

pta1	A*	
pta2	A*	
retour	int	6

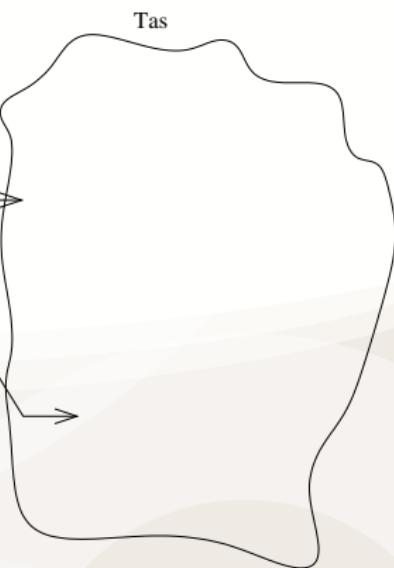


Schéma mémoire : exemple

```
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    string nom;
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};

//-----A::A(int val, string nom):val{val},nom{nom}
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int main(){
    A a1{3,"lili"};
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    pta1 = new A[2];
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    int retour = a1.uneMethodeDeA(2);
    cout << retour << endl;
    delete [] pta1;
    delete pta2;
}
```

contexte

Pile

Tas

